

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 31 July 2026

Version 1.15

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : 7-815 & 7-815C 7-LINE INT/EXT GLOSS ALKYD MIDTONE BASE  
**Product code** : 00337915  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Consumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier** : CANADIAN INDUSTRIES  
INDUSTRIES CANADIENNES  
1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500  
Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4  
Canada

The Pittsburgh Paints Co.  
500 Cranberry Woods Drive,  
Cranberry Township, PA 16066

**Emergency telephone number** : 1-833-477-1553 (U.S. and Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 1-800-441-9695 (U.S. and México)  
1-800-387-2253 (Canada)

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B  
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Harmful if swallowed.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Precautionary statements

**General** : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 34.4% (oral), 67.2% (dermal), 67.2% (inhalation)

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Product name** : 7-815 & 7-815C 7-LINE INT/EXT GLOSS ALKYD MIDTONE BASE

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                             | Synonyms                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | % (w/w)      | CAS number     |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| proprietary alkyd resin                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | ≥10 - ≤30*   | Not available. |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum); Hydrotreated light steam cracked naphtha residuum (petroleum); Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy; Hydrotreated light, steam cracked naphtha residuum, petroleum; Hydrotreated heavy naphtha; Naphtha, (petroleum), heavy, hydrotreated; NAPHTHA | ≥10 - ≤30*   | 64742-48-9     |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light; Hydrotreated light distillate; Jet fuels; lamp oil; Kerosene (petroleum), hydrotreated; Hydrotreated light distillates (petroleum); DISTILLATES; Deodorized kerosene; Dearomatized kerosine                           | ≥7 - ≤13*    | 64742-47-8     |
| titanium dioxide                            | Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO <sub>2</sub> ); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00                                                                                   | ≥7 - ≤13*    | 13463-67-7     |
| Kaolin                                      | Argilla; Porcelain clay; Hydrite; Hydrated aluminum silicate; Clay; China clay; μ-[1,3-dioxodisiloxane-1,3-diolato(2-)-κO1:κO3](dioxo)dialuminum dihydrate; E 559; kaolin; China clay; aluminium silicate, hydrated; oxo-oxoalumanyloxy-[oxo (oxoalumanyloxy)silyl]oxysilane dihydrate; Clay (kaolin); KAOLIN DUST                       | ≥3 - ≤7*     | 1332-58-7      |
| Limestone                                   | Calcium carbonate; Marble; calcite; MARBLE DUST; VALERITE; GROUND LIMESTONE; LIMESTONE FLOUR; LIMESTONE, GROUND; Agstone; CALCIUM CARBONATE (MARBLE)                                                                                                                                                                                     | ≥1 - ≤5*     | 1317-65-3      |
| zinc oxide                                  | CI 77947; Zinc oxide fume; Zinc peroxide; Zinc, oxide Fume; ZINC OXIDE (ZNO); FLOWERS OF ZINC; zinc oxide, nanoparticles, uncoated; zinc oxide, nanoparticles, coated with [3-(methacryloxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane; C. I. Pigment White 4; Zinc monoxide; Zinc white                                                                   | ≥0.5 - ≤1.5* | 1314-13-2      |
| 2-butanone oxime                            | butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; 2-Butanone, oxime; METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME;                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | ≥0.1 - 1*    | 96-29-7        |

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |           |            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME;<br>MEKO; Butan-2-one oxime; Methyl alkyl<br>(C2-4) ketoxime; Methyl ethyl ketoxim;<br>2-Butanonoxime                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |           |            |
|                                      | Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt (1:?<br>); Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt;<br>Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate; Zirconium<br>salt of 2-ethylhexanoic acid; Aliphatic<br>monocarboxylic acid (C6-28) salt (Pb, Cu,<br>Mn, Zn, Zr, Ce, Cd, Sn, Sr, Co);<br>2-Ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt;<br>HEXANOATE, 2-ETHYL-, ZIRCONIUM;<br>ZIRCONIUM OCTOATE; Zirconium<br>2-ethylhexanoate (component<br>unspecified) | ≥0.1 - 1* | 22464-99-9 |
| calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)        | Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, calcium salt (2:1);<br>Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, calcium salt;<br>Calcium 2-ethylhexanoate; calcium<br>2-ethylhexoate; Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-,<br>calcium salt; Aliphatic monocarboxylic<br>acid (C6-28) light metal salt (Na,K,Li,Ba,<br>Mg,Ca); 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID<br>CALCIUM SALT; HEXANOATE, ETHYL-,<br>CALCIUM; HEXANOATE, 2-ETHYL-,<br>CALCIUM; CALCIUM-2-ETHYLHEXOATE                    | ≥0.1 - 1* | 136-51-6   |

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

##### Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

##### Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

### **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

- : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

## Section 7. Handling and storage

contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                                                                                                   | Exposure limits                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| proprietary alkyd resin<br>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy<br>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | None.<br>None.<br><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b><br><b>[Kerosene/Jet fuels]</b> Absorbed through skin.<br>OEL 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbon vapour).<br><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [kerosene/jet fuels]</b> Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbon vapour).<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b><br>Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbon vapour).                                                                                                                                                      |
| titanium dioxide                                                                                                  | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b><br>OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b><br>TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total particulate matter.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .<br>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .                                                                                                                             |
| Kaolin                                                                                                            | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b><br>OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable.<br><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable.<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable particulate matter.<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b><br>TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable aerosol fraction.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction.<br>TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction. |
| Limestone                                                                                                         | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

zinc oxide

**[Calcium carbonate]**OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total dust.STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**TWA<sub>EV</sub> 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total particulate matter.**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Limestone]**STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Calcium carbonate]**STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**TWA<sub>EV</sub> 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable dust and fume.TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable dust and fume.

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)****[Zirconium and compounds]**OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [zirconium and compounds]**TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)****[Zirconium and compounds]**

2-butanone oxime

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                               | STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).<br>TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b><br><b>[Zirconium and compounds]</b><br>TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr).<br>STEV 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Zr). |
| calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | None.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Not available.

**Odor** : Characteristic.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not applicable.

**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

**Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: 48.89°C (120°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Flammability** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.

**Vapor pressure** :

| Ingredient name                         | Vapor Pressure at 20°C |            |        | Vapor pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|--------|------------------------|-----|--------|
|                                         | mm Hg                  | kPa        | Method | mm Hg                  | kPa | Method |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | 0.75006 to 2.25018     | 0.1 to 0.3 |        |                        |     |        |

**Relative vapor density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.15

**Density ( lbs / gal )** : 9.6

**% Solid. (w/w)** : 71.041

**Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

**Miscible with water** : No.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name                             | °C   | °F   | Method |
|---------------------------------------------|------|------|--------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | >220 | >428 |        |

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### Product/ingredient name

##### Result

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

>6 g/kg

**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

titanium dioxide

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

OECD 401 [Acute Oral Toxicity]

**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

**Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists**

>6.82 mg/l [4 hours]

Kaolin

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

**Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists**

>5.07 mg/l [4 hours]

Limestone

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

6450 mg/kg

zinc oxide

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

OECD 401

**Rat - Dermal - LD50**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                                      |                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                      | >2000 mg/kg<br>OECD 402<br><b>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists</b><br>>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours]<br>OECD 403                                     |
| 2-butanone oxime                     | <b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>1100 mg/kg<br><b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>100 mg/kg                                                                           |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | <b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>>5 g/kg<br><b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>>5 g/kg<br><u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | IARC | NTP | ACGIH |
|-------------------------|------|-----|-------|
| titanium dioxide        | 2B   | -   | A3    |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

#### **Result**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy  
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

#### **Result**

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

- Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO<sub>2</sub> which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO<sub>2</sub> is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO<sub>2</sub> particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO<sub>2</sub> when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### **Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### **Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                                | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 7-815 & 7-815C 7-LINE INT/EXT GLOSS ALKYD MIDTONE BASE | 1684.1       | 64773.8        | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| proprietary alkyd resin                                | 500          | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| Limestone                                              | 6450         | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| zinc oxide                                             | N/A          | 2500           | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| 2-butanone oxime                                       | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

titanium dioxide

#### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*

&gt;100 mg/l [48 hours]

Limestone

#### Acute - LC50

Fish

&gt;56000 mg/l [96 hours]

zinc oxide

#### Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

OECD

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna* - Neonate

Age: &lt;24 hours

0.481 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

#### Acute - EC50

Algae

0.17 mg/l [72 hours]

#### Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Algae

0.017 mg/l [72 hours]

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

#### Acute - LC50

Fish

&gt;100 mg/l [96 hours]

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name                     | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                     | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF               | Potential |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | -                  | 159               | Low       |
| 2-butanone oxime                            | 0.63               | 5.01 [OECD 305 C] | Low       |

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

|                                                                            |                                   |                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Product code</b> 00337915                                               | <b>Date of issue</b> 31 July 2026 | <b>Version</b> 1.15 |
| <b>Product name</b> 7-815 & 7-815C 7-LINE INT/EXT GLOSS ALKYD MIDTONE BASE |                                   |                     |

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                    | DOT             | TDG             | IMDG            | IATA            |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>UN number</b>                   | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| <b>Class(es)</b>                   | 3               | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| <b>Packing group</b>               | III             | III             | III             | III             |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>       | No.             | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| <b>Marine pollutant substances</b> | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

### Additional information

- DOT** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
- TDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when packaged in a small means of containment ( $\leq 450$  L) and transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage using TDGR 1.33 (Class 3, Flammable Liquids: General Exemption)
- Product RQ (lbs)** : 39094.5
- RQ substances** : (xylene)
- IMDG** : None identified.
- IATA** : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Inventory list

- Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.
- China** : At least one component is not listed.
- Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory:** Not determined.
- Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL):** At least one component is not listed.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.
- New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Philippines** : At least one component is not listed.
- Republic of Korea** : At least one component is not listed.
- Taiwan** : Not determined.
- Thailand** : Not determined.
- Turkey** : Not determined.
- United States** : At least one component is inactive.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Viet Nam** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** 31 July 2026

**Organization that prepared the SDS** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

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