

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 25 June 2026

Version 1.06

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : 4336-0400H & 43360400HC HPC URETHANE ALKYD SG 4336 DEEP TONE BASE  
**Product code** : 00396994  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Consumer applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier** : CANADIAN INDUSTRIES  
INDUSTRIES CANADIENNES  
1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500  
Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4  
Canada

The Pittsburgh Paints Co.  
500 Cranberry Woods Drive,  
Cranberry Township, PA 16066

**Emergency telephone number** : 1-833-477-1553 (U.S. and Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 1-800-441-9695 (U.S. and México)  
1-800-387-2253 (Canada)

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Hazard pictograms**

:

**Signal word**

: Danger

**Hazard statements**

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))

**Precautionary statements****General**

: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response**

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

**Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 35.7% (oral), 42% (dermal), 63.4% (inhalation)

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**

: Mixture

**Product name**

: 4336-0400H &amp; 43360400HC HPC URETHANE ALKYD SG 4336 DEEP TONE BASE

**Other means of identification**

: Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                             | Synonyms                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | % (w/w)      | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Nepheline syenite                           | potassium, sodium, oxido-oxo-oxoalumanyloxysilane                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ≥10 - ≤30*   | 37244-96-5 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.  | Straight run kerosine; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic; Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha, petroleum; Solvent naphtha medium aliphatic; Solvent naphtha, medium aliph.; Stoddard Solvent; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic; MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM); Straight run white spirit; White spirit type 0, regular flash point; Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12 | ≥10 - ≤30*   | 64742-88-7 |
| tert-butyl acetate                          | Acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; tert-Butyl-acetate; tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid; Acetic acid, tert-butyl ester; 1,1-Dimethylethyl ester acetic acid; T-BUTYL ACETATE; tertiary butyl acetate; tBac; acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; Tertiary butyl acetate; Butyl acetate                                                                                                                                   | ≥3 - ≤7*     | 540-88-5   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light; Hydrotreated light distillate; Jet fuels; lamp oil; Kerosene (petroleum), hydrotreated; Hydrotreated light distillates (petroleum); DISTILLATES; Deodorized kerosene; Dearomatized kerosine                                                                                                              | ≥1 - ≤5*     | 64742-47-8 |
| 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene             | Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-; Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene; Toluene, p-chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-; p-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene; para-chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF; 4-trifluoromethylchlorobenzene; p-chlorobenzotrifluoride; parachlorobenzotrifluoride                                                                      | ≥1 - ≤5*     | 98-56-6    |
| titanium dioxide                            | Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO <sub>2</sub> ); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00                                                                                                                                                                      | ≥1 - ≤5*     | 13463-67-7 |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt        | Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt (1:?) ; Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt; Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate; Zirconium salt of 2-ethylhexanoic acid; Aliphatic monocarboxylic acid (C6-28) salt (Pb, Cu, Mn, Zn, Zr, Ce, Cd, Sn, Sr, Co);                                                                                                                                                                           | ≥0.5 - ≤1.5* | 22464-99-9 |

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |           |            |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| 2-butanone oxime              | 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt; HEXANOATE, 2-ETHYL-, ZIRCONIUM; ZIRCONIUM OCTOATE; Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (component unspecified)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | ≥0.1 - 1* | 96-29-7    |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | butanone oxime; ethyl methyl ketoxime; ethyl methyl ketone oxime; 2-Butanone, oxime; METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME; METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME; MEKO; Butan-2-one oxime; Methyl alkyl (C2-4) ketoxime; Methyl ethyl ketoxim; 2-Butanonoxime                                                                                                                                                              | ≥0.1 - 1* | 27253-31-2 |
| ethylbenzene                  | Neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt (1:?); Cobalt neodecanoate; Cobalt neodeconoate; Cobalt(II) 7,7-dimethyloctanoate; Aliphatic monocarboxylic acid (C6-28) salt (Pb, Cu, Mn, Zn, Zr, Ce, Cd, Sn, Sr, Co); Neodecanoic acid cobalt salt; NEODECANOATE, COBALT                                                                                                                                        | ≥0.1 - 1* | 100-41-4   |
|                               | Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropylloxycarbonyl orchloropropylloxycarbonyl) benzene | ≥0.1 - 1* |            |

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 4. First-aid measures

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
halogenated compounds  
carbonyl halides  
metal oxide/oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Special precautions** : Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nepheline syenite                           | <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total dust.                                                                   |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.  | <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b><br><b>[Mineral Spirits]</b><br>TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .                                                        |
| tert-butyl acetate                          | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b><br>OEL 8 hours: 200 ppm.<br>OEL 8 hours: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .                                                           |
|                                             | <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [butyl acetate, all isomers]</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.                                 |
|                                             | <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b><br><b>[butyl acetates, all isomers]</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.                               |
|                                             | <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b><br><b>[butyl acetates]</b><br>STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.<br>TWA <sub>EV</sub> 8 hours: 50 ppm.                               |
|                                             | <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b><br>STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm.<br>TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.                                                                 |
|                                             | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b><br><b>[Kerosene/Jet fuels]</b> Absorbed through skin.<br>OEL 8 hours: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbon vapour). |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [kerosene/jet fuels]</b> Absorbed through skin.                                                                       |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene  
titanium dioxide

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbon vapour).

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbon vapour).

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total particulate matter.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

**[Zirconium and compounds]**

OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [zirconium and compounds]**

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

**[Zirconium and compounds]**

STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

**[Zirconium and compounds]**

TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

STEV 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Zr).

None.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [cobalt and inorganic compounds]**

Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer.

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Co). Form: inhalable.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

**[Cobalt and inorganic compounds]**

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Co).

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

**[Cobalt elemental, and inorganic compounds]**

Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Co).

Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]**

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

2-butanone oxime  
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene

STEL 15 minutes: 0.06 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Co).TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Co).**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**TWA<sub>AEV</sub> 8 hours: 20 ppm.**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : White.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 20°C (68°F)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** :

| Ingredient name    | Vapor Pressure at 20°C |     |             | Vapor pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|------------------------|-----|--------|
|                    | mm Hg                  | kPa | Method      | mm Hg                  | kPa | Method |
| tert-butyl acetate | 42                     | 5.6 | ASTM D 2878 |                        |     |        |

- Relative vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 1.15
- Density ( lbs / gal )** : 9.6
- % Solid. (w/w)** : 64.051

**Product code** 00396994**Date of issue** 25 June 2026**Version** 1.06**Product name** 4336-0400H & 43360400HC HPC URETHANE ALKYD SG 4336 DEEP TONE BASE

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

**Miscible with water** : No.**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.**Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name                            | °C   | °F   | Method     |
|--------------------------------------------|------|------|------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | >220 | >428 | ASTM E 659 |

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials**Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------|
|-------------------------|--------|

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nepheline syenite                                  | <b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>>5000 mg/kg<br><b>Rat - Dermal - LD50</b><br>>5000 mg/kg<br><b>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists</b><br>>5.07 mg/l [4 hours]                                      |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.         | <b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>>5000 mg/kg<br><b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>>3000 mg/kg                                                                                                             |
| tert-butyl acetate                                 | <b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>4100 mg/kg<br><u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Ataxia Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea    |
| 4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene | <b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>>2.7 g/kg<br><b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>13 g/kg<br><b>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor</b><br>33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours]                                      |
| titanium dioxide                                   | <b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>>5000 mg/kg<br>OECD 401 [Acute Oral Toxicity]<br><b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>>5000 mg/kg<br><b>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists</b><br>>6.82 mg/l [4 hours] |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt               | <b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>>5 g/kg<br><b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>>5 g/kg<br><u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity)                                       |
| 2-butanone oxime                                   | <b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>1100 mg/kg<br><b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>100 mg/kg                                                                                                                |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt                      | <b>Rat - Female - Oral - LD50</b><br>1098 mg/kg<br>OECD 425                                                                                                                                         |
| ethylbenzene                                       | <b>Rat - Oral - LD50</b><br>3.5 g/kg<br><b>Rabbit - Dermal - LD50</b><br>17.8 g/kg<br><b>Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor</b><br>17.8 mg/l [4 hours]                                                   |

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### **Product/ingredient name**

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

#### **Result**

##### **Mouse - skin**

OECD 429

Result: Sensitizing

### **Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### **Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name                            | IARC | NTP                                              | ACGIH |
|----------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene | 2B   | -                                                | -     |
| titanium dioxide                                   | 2B   | -                                                | A3    |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt                      | 2B   | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. | A3    |
| ethylbenzene                                       | 2B   | -                                                | A3    |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Product/ingredient name**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene

**Result**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

**Product/ingredient name**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

ethylbenzene

**Result**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (gastrointestinal tract) (oral) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2

### Aspiration hazard

**Product/ingredient name**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

ethylbenzene

**Result**

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion**

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**

: No specific data.

**Inhalation**

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue

dizziness/vertigo

unconsciousness

reduced fetal weight

increase in fetal deaths

skeletal malformations

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

- Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO<sub>2</sub> which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO<sub>2</sub> is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO<sub>2</sub> particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO<sub>2</sub> when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### **Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### **Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

- General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                                           | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 4336-0400H & 43360400HC HPC URETHANE ALKYD SG 4336 DEEP TONE BASE | 41961.2      | 6304.5         | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.                        | N/A          | 2500           | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| tert-butyl acetate                                                | 4100         | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| 4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene                | 13000        | 2500           | N/A                      | 33.08                      | N/A                                 |
| 2-butanone oxime                                                  | 500          | 1100           | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt                                     | 1098         | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| ethylbenzene                                                      | 3500         | 17800          | N/A                      | 17.8                       | 1.5                                 |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

titanium dioxide

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*

&gt;100 mg/l [48 hours]

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

**Acute - LC50**

Fish

&gt;100 mg/l [96 hours]

ethylbenzene

**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water**

Daphnia

1.8 mg/l [48 hours]

**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water**Daphnia - *Ceriodaphnia dubia*

1 mg/l

#### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

ethylbenzene

79% [10 days] - Readily

#### Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name                                  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light ethylbenzene | -                 | -          | Readily          |
|                                                          | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                     | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF               | Potential |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| tert-butyl acetate                          | 1.64               | -                 | Low       |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | -                  | 159               | Low       |
| 2-butanone oxime                            | 0.63               | 5.01 [OECD 305 C] | Low       |
| ethylbenzene                                | 3.6                | 79.43             | Low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                         | DOT    | TDG    | IMDG   | IATA                                                               |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN number               | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263                                                             |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT                                                              |
| Class(es)               | 3      | 3      | 3      | 3                                                                  |
| Packing group           | II     | II     | II     | II                                                                 |
| Environmental hazards   | No.    | Yes.   | Yes.   | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

Product code 00396994

Date of issue 25 June 2026

Version 1.06

Product name 4336-0400H & 43360400HC HPC URETHANE ALKYD SG 4336 DEEP TONE BASE

## Section 14. Transport information

|                             |                 |                                              |                                              |                 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.) | (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.) | Not applicable. |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|

### Additional information

- DOT** : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
- Product RQ (lbs)** : 20662.6
- RQ substances** : (xylene)
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Inventory list

- Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Canada** : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
- China** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory:** Not determined.
- Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL):** At least one component is not listed.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.
- New Zealand** : Not determined.
- Philippines** : At least one component is not listed.
- Republic of Korea** : At least one component is not listed.
- Taiwan** : Not determined.
- Thailand** : Not determined.
- Turkey** : Not determined.
- United States** : All components are active or exempted.
- Viet Nam** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.  
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of issue/Date of revision 25 June 2026

Organization that prepared the SDS : EHS

## Section 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein or from failure to observe the recommended measures for storage and handling of the products. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.*